

IDAHO CHILD WELFARE RESOURCE LIBRARY

SELECTED RESOURCES

SPECIFIC TO SUBSTANCE ABUSE IN CHILD WELFARE

(PLEASE VISIT WWW.ICWRTC.ORG FOR MORE RESOURCES)

SELECTED BOOKS IN THE COLLECTION

Black, C. (2001). *It will never happen to me: Growing up with addiction as youngsters, adolescents, adults*. Center City, MN: Hazelden.

Revised and updated version broadens the concepts to include addictive disorders such as other drugs, money related addictions, food disorders, and other addictions.

Brohl, K. (2004). *The new miracle workers: Overcoming contemporary challenges in child welfare work*. Washington, D.C.: CWLA Press.

A compilation of information gathered from more than 100 child welfare workers to address major issues facing practitioners today, including violence, substance abuse, and obesity. Presents recent neuroscience research on the human brain and discusses how this information affects new and future child welfare practice.

Diamond, J. (2000). *Narrative means to sober ends*. New York: Guilford.

Presents a narrative approach that builds a bridge between family therapy, psychodynamic therapy, and addictions counseling.

Fields, R. (2004). *Drugs in perspective: A personalized look at substance use and abuse*. New York: McGraw Hill Company.

Through discussions of the problems and difficulties associated with addiction and fundamentals of the dynamics of chemical dependency, this fifth edition prepares future health professionals to address substance abuse issues with patients, clients, and their families.

Kulp, L. (2001). *Best I can be: Living with fetal alcohol syndrome*. Brooklyn Park, MN: Better Endings New Beginnings.

A young teen with fetal alcohol effects challenges the world to peer inside her life and brain. Through the author's own writing, readers are taken on a journey that will impact their thinking about how to help and understand brain damage due to fetal alcohol syndrome.

Smith, M.G. & Fong, R. (2004). *The children of neglect: When no one cares*. Brunner Routledge.

Examines the social problem of child neglect and offers a critical review and analysis of the current theory, policy, and practice in the field. Examines the relationship of child neglect to poverty, substance abuse, and cultural issues where consequences of chronic neglect and a child's development are discussed.

Straussner, S.L.A. (Ed.). (2004). *Clinical work with substance-abusing clients*. New York: Guilford Press.

Written to bridge the gap between theory and practice and clearly articulate what has been shown scientifically to work in a variety of clinical contexts.

Straussner, S.L.A. (2002). *Handbook of addiction treatment for women*. San Francisco, CA: Jossey-Bass.

A comprehensive resource of the most current research and knowledge from recognized experts in the field of addiction and treatment. This guide offers an historical context on the issue of women and addiction, examines the challenges of the female addict, and includes recommendations for choosing a course of treatment.

Straussner, S.L.A., & Fewell, C.H. (Eds.). (2006). *Intersecting child welfare, substance abuse, and family violence: Culturally competent approaches*. Binghamton, NY: Haworth Press.

Developed from a task force meeting held in 2001 by the Council on Social Work Education, Casey Family Programs, and the University of Texas at Austin School of Social Work, this book examines four ethnic groups in relationship to culturally competent social work practice and provides recommendations for future directions in social work practice, policy, and research.

Straussner, S.L.A., & Fewell, C.H. (Eds.). (2006). *Impact of substance abuse on children and families: Research and practice implications*. Binghamton, NY: Haworth Press.

This book addresses the growing concern over children at risk of developing physical and mental health problems because of their parents' addictions to alcohol and other drugs. Presents current research findings that provide insight into the effects of addiction on family dynamics, parental attachment styles, and family characteristics.

Fisher, G.L., Harrison, T.C. (2000). *Substance abuse: Information for school counselors, social workers, therapists, and counselors* (2nd ed.). Boston: Allyn & Bacon Publishers.

This new edition provides updated coverage and clinical examples to reflect the rapid changes in this field. New information includes discussions of the latest subtle screening inventory, co-occurring disorders, and a section on the effect of managed care on professional ethics. Authors present a balanced coverage of different treatment models and discussion of the controversies in the field.

van Wormer, K., & Davis, D. R. (2003). *Addiction treatment: A strengths perspective*. Pacific Grove, CA: Brooks/Cole – Thomson Learning.

Presents the strength perspective as the unifying framework of the text to bridge the gap between 12-step approaches and harm reduction in addictions treatment. This perspective is applied to the treatment of alcoholism, eating disorders, compulsive gambling, and other addictions.

SELECTED MEDIA IN THE COLLECTION

(PLEASE VISIT WWW.ICWRTC.ORG FOR MORE RESOURCES):

Black, C. (1998). *Addiction in the family: The domino effect*. [Videocassette]. Bainbridge Island, WA: MAC Publishing.

This video presents information and pictures drawn by young family member to illustrate how the addiction has impacted the family.

Black, C. (2002). *Children of denial: Growing up with addiction*. [Videocassette]. Bainbridge Island, WA: MAC Publishing.

Revised video edition that provides information and validation for children and adults who have been raised in addictive families.

Black, C. (1999). *The legacy of addiction: The gift of the ages*. [Videocassette]. Bainbridge Island, WA: MAC Publishing.

In this video the viewer is taken back to the early days of addiction to illustrate the progression of alcoholism and the effects on the family.

Gross de Nunez, G. & Schwartz-Bloom, R.D. (2002). *The addiction files: Case study of a recovering alcoholic*. [Videocassette]. Princeton, NJ: Films for the Humanities and Sciences.

A video that examines the social, physical, and genetic disposition of a recovering alcoholic.

Gross de Nunez, G. & Schwartz-Bloom, R.D. (2001). *Animated neuroscience and the action of nicotine, cocaine, and marijuana in the brain*. [Videocassette]. Princeton, NJ: Films for the Humanities and Sciences.

This video takes the viewers on a journey deep into the brain to study the effects of these three substances.

Moyers, Bill (2003). *Moyers on addiction - close to home: Portrait of addiction*. [DVD]. Princeton, NJ: Films for the Humanities and Sciences.

In this DVD Bill Moyers profiles nine men and women, all recovering from drug and/or alcohol addiction: a former narcotics agent; a mother of three who is a marketing specialist; the founder of Stand Up Harlem, a community of HIV-positive addicts and recovering addicts; and a journalist who actually served as the researcher for the series. Candid testimony leaves no doubt that addiction and recovery are possible. Part 1 of 5 (Complete series available).

Rogers, G.T. *My father's son - the legacy of alcoholism*. [Videocassette]. Hollywood, CA: FMS.

This video tells the story of a man's childhood with an alcoholic father, his struggles with substance abuse, and his concern for his own son's substance abuse.

Martin, E. & Wurscher, J. (2005). *Reunited: A motivational enhancement video*. [Videocassette].

OR: Oregon Department of Human Services.

This video presents crucial ASFA information to new parents entering the child welfare system. The information is presented by parents who lost their children largely due to methamphetamine related problems, got into recovery and regained custody of their kids.

Norcross, J. (2000). *Stages of change for addictions*. [Videocassette]. Needham Heights, MA: Allyn & Bacon.

Years of research by Dr. John C. Norcross and his colleagues have helped to identify the stages people go through in addressing and dealing with addictions. In therapy based on this model, strategies and relationship stances are matched to the individual client's stage. In this video, Dr. Norcross works with a client who is in early recovery from cocaine addiction and contemplating changing his use of alcohol.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. (2005). *Addiction in the home: Healing lives, families, and communities*. [DVD]. Rockville, MD: NCADI.

Addiction affects more than one life: family, friends, and communities also experience the effects of a person's disorder. This DVD program explores the full spectrum of needs and services related to the family of someone with an addiction disorder. It will analyze key factors that can support or impede the recovery process, including employment, health care, children, mental health, and housing.

DiLorenzo, P. (1999). *Working with substance abusing families to ensure child safety.*

[Videocassette]. Boise, ID: Idaho Department of Health and Welfare.

A four tape series. Policy and procedure is discussed as well as working with substance abusing families to ensure safety and permanency of the children in the home. Helping substance abuse treatment professionals and child welfare professionals work together (Complete series available).



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